

Lab #11: Construction of Sentinel Attack Maps

Purpose:

- We'll be creating 4 different workbooks in Sentinel, which should help with displaying varying types of malicious traffic that are targeting our resources. This malicious traffic will be coming from different geographical locations.
- Here are the 4 maps we'll be creating, as well as their use cases:

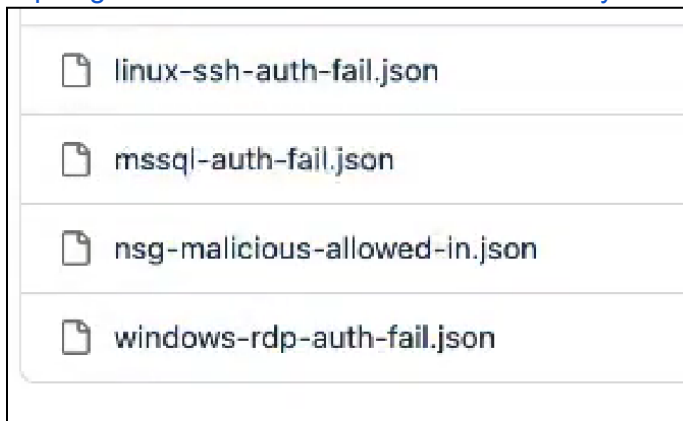
#	Map	Use Case
1	Windows VMs	RDP, SMB, general authentication failures
2	Linux VMs	SSH authentication failures
3	MS SQL Server (in windows-vm)	Authentication failures
4	NSGs	Attack map that displays inbound malicious flows

Tasks:

1. Prepare the pre-built JSON files
2. Configure the 4 workbooks (attack maps)
 - Attack map #1: Linux-ssh-auth-fail
 - Attack map #2: mssql-auth-fail
 - Attack map #3: nsg-malicious-allowed-in
 - Attack map #4: windows-rdp-auth-fail

Task 1: Prepare the pre-built JSON files

1. Open this link to view the four pre-built JSON files:
[https://github.com/erichmair/Azure-SOC-Honeynet-Project/tree/main/Sentinel-Maps\(JSON\)](https://github.com/erichmair/Azure-SOC-Honeynet-Project/tree/main/Sentinel-Maps(JSON))



2. Open each JSON file in separate tabs. We'll come back to the files when creating each workbook.

Task 2: Configure the 4 workbooks (attack maps)

Attack map #1: Linux-ssh-auth-fail:

1. Open our **Azure** account > **Sentinel** > (open our workspace) > **Workbooks** >
2. Select **Add Workbook** > **Edit**:

a. Remove both default query sections.

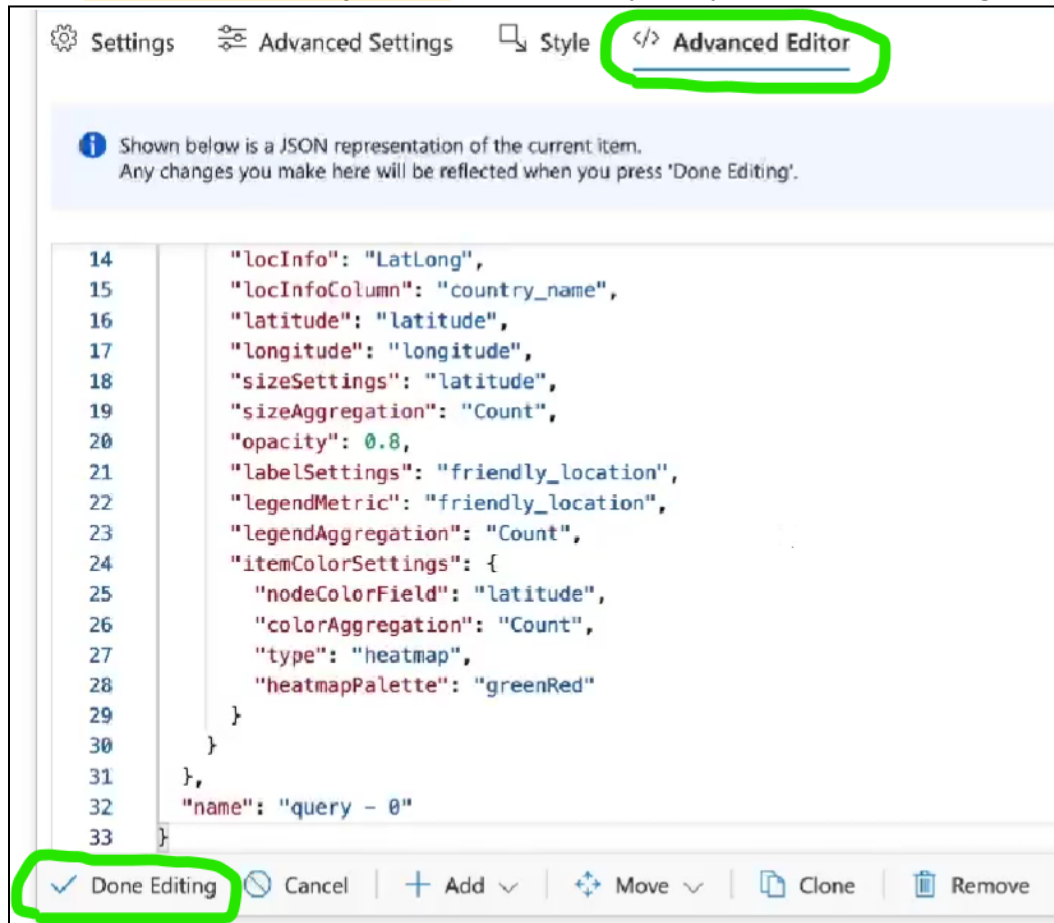
The screenshot shows the Azure Sentinel dashboard interface. At the top, there is a section titled "add more sections." with an "↑ Edit" button and a menu icon (three dots) circled in green. Below this is a horizontal bar chart with categories: "RegulatoryCompliance", "SecurityBaseline", "NestedRecommendation", "SecurityRecommendation", and "Other". Underneath the chart are four data cards: "Heartbeat" with a value of 2.21k, "SecurityRegulatoryCompli..." with 678, "SecurityBaseline" with 344, and "SecurityNestedRecomme..." with 279. At the bottom right, there is another "↑ Edit" button and a menu icon circled in green. A modal dialog box is open in the foreground, titled "Remove query?". The dialog asks, "Are you sure you want to remove query 'query - 2'?" and has two buttons: "Yes" (highlighted with a green underline) and "No".

b. Select **Add Query**

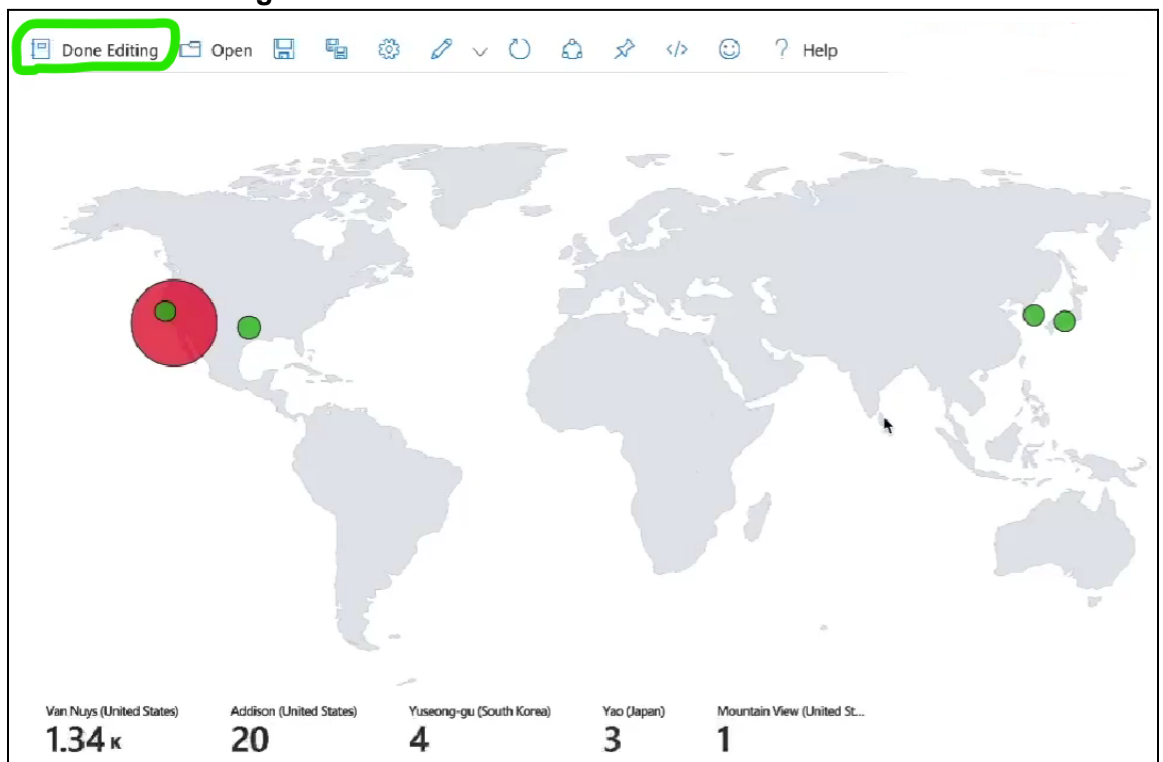
The screenshot shows the "Add" menu in the Azure Sentinel interface. At the top, there is a blue owl icon and the text "This Azure Sentinel Report has no content." Below this, there is a message "Use the add button below to add items." with a downward-pointing arrow. The "Add" menu is open, showing several options: "Add" (with a plus sign icon and a green circle around it), "Add text" (with a speech bubble icon), "Add parameters" (with a code icon), "Add links/fabs" (with a list icon), "Add query" (with a grid icon and a green underline), "Add metric" (with a bar chart icon), and "Add group" (with a folder icon).

c. Select **Advanced Editor** >

- i. Erase the pre-filled query script from the query box. Afterward, copy + paste the contents of the **linux-ssh-auth-fail.json** file into the empty query box > **Done Editing**.



- d. The **linux-ssh-auth-fail** attack map is now generated.
- Update the name to "linux-ssh-auth-fail" (select the **Save As** icon).
 - Select **Done Editing**.

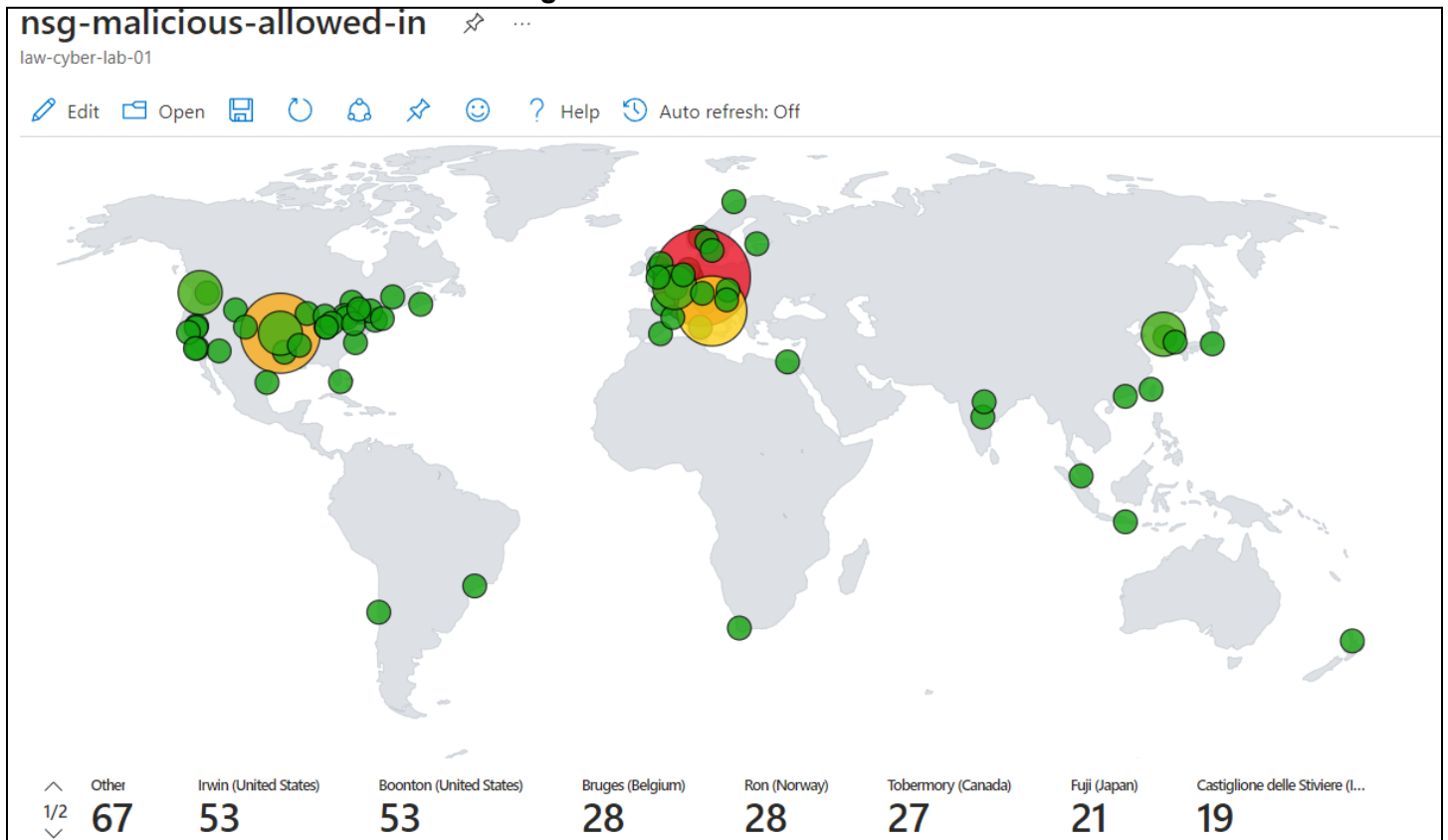


Attack map #2: mssql-auth-fail:

1. **Azure** account > **Sentinel** > (open our workspace) > **Workbooks** >
2. Select **Add Workbook** > **Edit**:
 - a. Remove both default query sections.
 - b. Select **Add Query** > **Advanced Editor** >
 - i. Erase the pre-filled query script from the query box. Afterward, copy + paste the contents of the **mssql-auth-fail.json** file into the empty query box > **Done Editing**.
 - c. The **mssql-auth-fail** attack map is now generated.
 - i. Update the name to “mssql-auth-fail” (select the **Save As** icon).
 - ii. Select **Done Editing**.

Attack map #3: nsg-malicious-allowed-in:

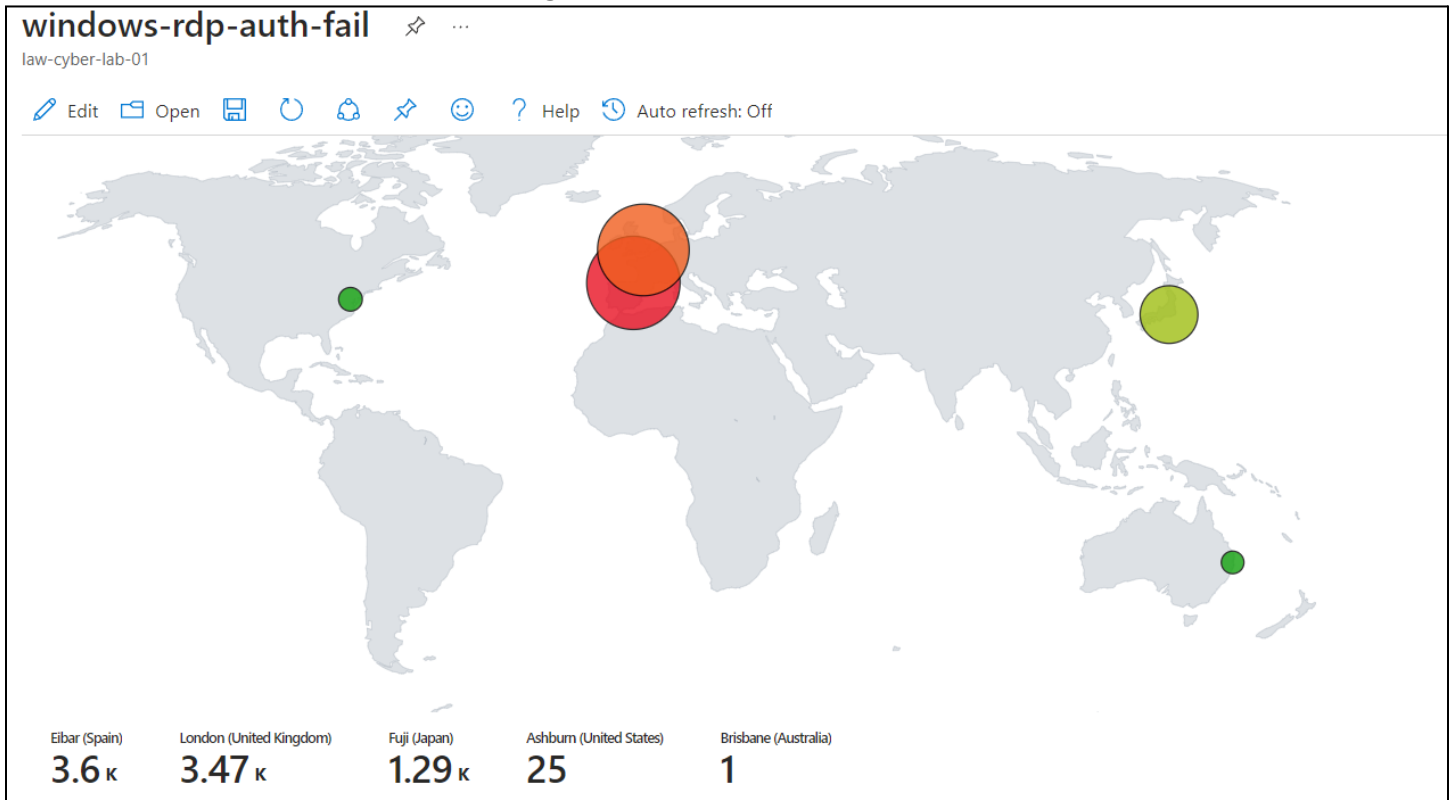
1. **Azure** account > **Sentinel** > (open our workspace) > **Workbooks** >
2. Select **Add Workbook** > **Edit**:
 - a. Remove both default query sections.
 - b. Select **Add Query** > **Advanced Editor** >
 - i. Erase the pre-filled query script from the query box. Afterward, copy + paste the contents of the **nsg-malicious-allowed-in.json** file into the empty query box > **Done Editing**.
 - c. The **nsg-malicious-allowed-in** attack map is now generated.
 - i. Update the name to “nsg-malicious-allowed-in” (select the **Save As** icon).
 - ii. Select **Done Editing**.



Attack map #4: windows-rdp-auth-fail:

1. **Azure** account > **Sentinel** > (open our workspace) > **Workbooks** >
2. Select **Add Workbook** > **Edit**:
 - a. Removed both default query sections.
 - b. Selected **Add Query** > **Advanced Editor** >
 - i. Erase the pre-filled query script from the query box. Afterward, copy + paste the contents of the **windows-rdp-auth-fail.json** file into the empty query box > **Done Editing**.
 - c. The **windows-rdp-auth-fail** attack map is now generated.

- i. Update the name to “windows-rdp-auth-fail” (select the **Save As** icon).
- ii. Select **Done Editing**.



End:

- Our SIEM (Microsoft Sentinel) is querying our Log Analytics workspace and producing attack maps. These maps utilize the GeoIP watchlist to better map the geographical location of malicious IP addresses.